March 6, 2023

Adam Fletcher
Director of Community Development
City of Harrisonburg
409 South Main Street
Harrisonburg, VA 22801

Mr. Fletcher,

We are planning to develop 2 properties in Rockingham County bordering the north side of Harrisonburg. One of the properties would be the residue of a lot we plan to split in two. The owners of the parcel we sell also plan to develop their lot. These properties are along Friendship Drive and near Friendship Industries and do not have access to Rockingham County water and sewer. We are seeking water and sewer service from Harrisonburg City for this development.

These properties have Harrisonburg City water and sewer rights allocated to them per a plat that was made when a larger parcel was subdivided. We plan to proportion the existing allocations for the two properties among the proposed total of 3 properties to support the actual development that we foresee occurring on these properties. We have discussed with Public Utilities the options for the actual construction of water and sewer infrastructure and they have approved a preliminary engineering report for the purpose of obtaining the subdivision of the one lot. We have also discussed with Friendship Industries the impacts on their water supply and operations (during construction) and they are open to the development and water and sewer infrastructure changes.

See the attached PER report and site layouts for more details regarding the properties and plan.

Thank you and staff for your consideration.

Rudolfo "Rudy" Pineda

Friendship Properties Partners 3020A John Wayland Highway

Dayton, VA 22821

APPLICATION FOR PUBLIC UTILITIES FROM CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA TO FACILITIES LOCATED IN ROCKINGHAM COUNTY

1. G	ENERAL INFORMA	TION			(By Applicant)		
Name	of Applicant:	Friendship	Propert(45 Partners				
	ess of Applicant:	3020A Johr	3020A John Wayland Highway Dayton, VA 22821				
	hone of Applicant:	540-214-64					
-	ce Location ID:			-A-88B гот(s) 4 & 5 Parcel		
	ce Location Address:	TBD Frier	ndship Drive		7 4 41001		
		X Water	X Sewer				
	J 1		X Commercial	[] Industrial	Institutional		
ı ype	of Utility Use: Re						
	-	riculture	Other:				
Rocki	ingham County Approva	ıl: Atta	chment				
II.	UTILITY INFORMA	ATION			(By Applicant)		
	Other Calculations: Specific Data (describ		pd is existing allocation				
			on will be reassigned t				
В.	Peak Daily Usage						
	AWWA Fixture Units	is Equivale	nt to N/A	gpm			
	Average Daily Demar	nd * Peak Fa	ctor of	= 19.85	gpm		
	Specific Data describe	Peakin	g allocation = Average g factor varies by prop lourly = 19.85 gpm_(ca	erty allocation (4.3)	3, 4.38, 4.44), total		
C.	Fire Flow Demand			·	-		
	Requirement	1250	gpm				
	•		50 gpm is highest dema				

III.	UTILITY	ASSESSMENT CON	MENTS	(By Director)
Α.	System Zon	ne for Water		
	Zone ID:			
	Zone Trans	sfer & Storage Issues fo	r Daily Demand:	
	Site Specif	ic Delivery and Pressur	e Issues for	
	Peak Dema	and:		
	Fire Flow l	Demand:		
	Other Issue	es:		
В.	System for	r Sanitary Sewer		
	Collection	System Comments:		
	Interceptor	r System Comments:		
	Treatment	System Comments:		
Note:		s may include the need action of this application		evaluations that shall be completed prior to
IV.	RECOMM	TENDATION		
	Recomme	ndation for Approval		
	Recomme	ndation for Approval St	ubject to the Appl	licant Completing the following:
	Earward to	o Planning Commission		
		o City Council	L	
	POI Wai u	o City Council		
	- (6 °	- Tala		and C
	ture of Appl	licant - 2 × 2 7		Signature of Director of Public Utilities
Date	<u> </u>			Date

Request for Review of Availability for Water and/or Sewer To Land Located in Rockingham County

City of Harrisonburg Code of Ordinances Section 7-2-4 requires that Rockingham County (the County) acknowledge that an Applicant (as defined in such ordinance) has requested public utility service from the City of Harrisonburg (the City) for property located in the County. By signatures of the Applicant, and authorized representatives of the City and the County, the City will begin to evaluate the City's ability to provide the requested services.

APPLICANT	
The signature of the Applicant is an official request to obtain C Applicant has reviewed the conditions of City Code of Ordina requirement to submit certain documents incidental to this applic	nnce Section 7-2-4 (see Page 2), including the
Services Requested: WATER (Please Initial) Signature Signature	ER (Please Initial) RP OZ-Z1-ZJ Date
<u>CITY OF HARRISONBURG</u>	
The signature of the City's Director of Public Utilities acks services from the City. The signature does not constitute appropriate the request and evaluate the City's ability to provide the requested as services subject to approval by the County. Director of Public Utilities	oval of services, but the City's intent to review uested services. The City will provide to the
COUNTY OF ROCKINGHAM	
The signatures of the County Officials below acknowledge the City instead of the County. These signatures shall not imply a services by the City. Final approval is contingent upon the Boa Code, Section 15.2-2143. This acknowledgement in no way is special use permit or any other land use related request that requirement Director of Community Development	approval by the County of the provision of said and of Supervisors' consent pursuant to Virginia applies or constitutes approval of any rezoning,
Comments:	

APPLICATION FOR PUBLIC UTILITIES FROM CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VA TO FACILITIES LOCATED IN ROCKINGHAM COUNTY AUTHORIZATION OF REVIEW

City Code of Ordinance Section 7-2-4(e) states, "The Director may charge a reasonable fee to cover time and expenses of processing the application". The following policy shall be used to distribute the expenses incurred by the Department of Public Utilities.

- 1. <u>Initial Review:</u> There shall be no charge to execute the "Application and Acknowledgement" form used to initiate the review process by City and County officials. There shall be no charge to provide the first response to the "Application for Public Utilities From City of Harrisonburg, Virginia to Facilities Located in Rockingham County: Code of Ordinance 7-2-4". It should be recognized that the first response may be a letter of recommendation for approval or disapproval, or, it may provide stipulations for additional information or engineering evaluation.
- 2. Continued Review: Under circumstances progressing beyond the initial review, the Department shall invoice the applicant for specific cost as incurred. Upon request, the Department may provide a non-binding estimate for the applicant to consider. The costs shall include, but are not limited to: processing, consulting and support as applied directly to the management of the application.

"Processing costs" - shall only include the time of the "application officer" to handle, coordinate, evaluate, review and manage the process until the application has been closed; unit billing rate shall be \$28.55/hour.

"Consulting costs" - shall refer to contracted, or in-house, hydraulic modeling performed to evaluate the water or sewer system impact. Contracted cost shall be forwarded at invoice costs. In house engineering rate shall be at \$34.55/hour.

"Support costs" - shall refer to the collection of information by field technicians billed at the rate accepted to # person crew used.

I hereby acknowledge that I may be charged according to the above policy.

Friend Property Portners

Name

Date

Date

Daylon, JA, 21821

City, State, Zip





2155 BEERY ROAD, HARRISONBURG, VA 22801 OFFICE (540) 434-9959 • FAX (540) 434-9769

Heatwole Subdivision

(Lots 4, 4A and 5)

Water & Sanitary Sewer Evaluation:

March 09, 2023

Executive Summary

Whereas Rockingham County and the Harrisonburg City entered an agreement in 1996 for the City to supply water and sewer service to the Heatwole Subdivision, Harrisonburg Public Utilities recommends moving forward subject to the following:

- 1) Water and sewer rates applied to customers of the subdivision shall be exempted from Item E of the City County Water Agreement 2006, either by specific reference or preferably by a holistic general revision to the City County Water Agreement.
- 2) Developer impact fees, or supplemental water and sewer availability fees for the subdivision owners, shall be enacted to fund the proportional share of future capital investments that will be required for developing new drought water sources.

General Criteria:

It is prudent to ask why Harrisonburg should commit its water and sewer resources to develop a customer market that is external to its owner stakeholders. This inquiry is addressed below in the format of four perspectives as set forth by AWWA.

a) Revenue (to assist with \$98M of HPU water and sewer assets retiring in the next 20 years):

Water Fees 3 commercial connections @ \$2,500 per each = \$7,500

*Water Sales: 3 @ \$16.98 per month = \$611 annually

Sewer Fees 3 commercial connections @ \$4,500 per each = \$13,500

*Sewer Sales: 3 @ \$25.74 = \$927 annually

b) City Customer Discounts:

AWWA recommends that the rates to customers that are external to the owner stakeholders shall be established per "Utility Basis" methodology that recovers O&M expenses, transfer & tax expenses, depreciation of assets and a reasonable Rate of Return (ROI). ROI is like profit and can be applied to provide the owner customers a discounted rate.

Historically, past Harrisonburg practices in providing services to external County customers at near double rates (rural rates) has provided Harrisonburg customers with the discounted water rates that are in effect today. The subdivision is a potential customer to continue this benefit; however, the following inclusion to the City – County water agreement threatens this advantage:

E. The City has further agreed that, as the amount of revenue received from the County from the water purchased from the City for resale in the County increases, the City will reduce the double rate currently charged to the residential and business customers in the County that it serves in such a manner so as to remain revenue neutral to the City. Such rate will be decreased over time until the rate charged to all water customers in the County served by the City, including the rate charged to the County shall be equal to that charged to City customers.

HPU recommends that the subdivision shall be exempted from Item E of the City - County Water Agreement 2006, either by specific reference or preferably by a holistic general revision to the Agreement.

c) Economies of Scale:

AWWA cites economies of scale for operations expenses as a reason for a municipal utility to provide service to external customers. At full development, the subdivision would add 6,558 gpd to a potential 12.9 MGD demand.

HPU considers the development to be rather insignificant in gaining overall economies of scale; however,

- The subdivision would require connection to the City's Park View Zone (PVZ) due to the elevation of the site. This connection would use capacity from a large number of system assets because of the travel through two pressure zones between the City's water treatment plant and the site. Due to the low demand, the capacity impact is minimal.
- The location of the subdivision would be provided sewer service through the City's North Interceptor. The City is engaged in a study of this and other interceptors through the City to identify available capacities. The low demand of this development will have minimal impact to the interceptor.

d) Economic, Social and environmental benefits or disadvantages:

AWWA cites, as a benefit to delivering service to external customers, the ability to Influence the relationship that it has with the non-owner customers (example: type of housing).

HPU has no opinion to this matter; however, this topic can be considered as the application request further advances through the review process.

Water and Sewer Technical Review:

Criteria #1: Analysis of raw water supply & treatment capacities

In reference to pages 19 and 20 of the FY2019 Raw Water Supply Management Plan, Harrisonburg capacities are as follows

Water Treatment: 15.0 MGD; reliable Water Supply: 10.4 MGD

Under forecasted circumstances, Harrisonburg has available treatment capacity for 1.1 MGD external sales but will simultaneously incur the need for an additional 4.6 MGD of reliable raw water supply during drought. The current planning agenda is to support growth to the limits of the WTP and to accept drought water supply needs into the City's future capital needs.

HPU recognizes the subdivision to be an acceptable customer for the City's current treatment and raw water planning agenda; fee structures (developer fees or customer availability fees) applied to the development can be developed to offset proportional costs for impacts upon future capital needs to fund raw water supplies.

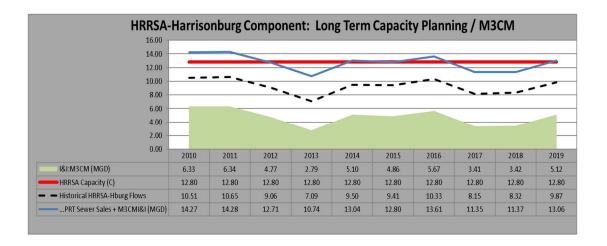
Criteria #2: Analysis of water system distribution

HPU engineering team in coordination with Colman Engineering has identified what appears to be a suitable connection to provided adequate fire and domestic flows by connecting to the City's Park View Zone (PVZ). Detailed calculations will be provided by the applicant during site design.

HPU recommends approval to serve the subdivision upon submittal of detailed engineering calculations with the site development plan.

Criteria #3: Analysis of sewer treatment capacity

The following is recaptured from page 19 of the City's Sanitary Sewer Management Plan (SSMP) FY2019. The figure shows that Harrisonburg is facing major infiltration & inflow abatement such to make its capacity at HRRSA adequate for future city internal sales. Adding the subdivision adds 6,558 gpd abatement to the task.



In summary, there appears concern for adequate Harrisonburg treatment capacity in HRRSA for the subdivision. Reserving the HRRSA capacity for I&I, however, is not a desirable business plan.

If the development successfully meets other water and sewer criteria, HPU suggests that it will be willing to support providing sewer service and to take on the added I&I abatement or to purchase future capacity at HRRSA if this latter opportunity arises.

Criteria #4: Analysis of sewer and interceptor collection systems

a) Impact upon the City's North Interceptor:

HPU is engaged in a study of the available capacity in its interceptors, and the results of this study are not yet available. The proposed development requests a connection in the northern extreme of the City. The impact of this location is that the flow will be transferred through the entire length of the City to the Harrisonburg Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority (HRRSA) interceptors in the south of the City. Due to the low flow of the proposed development, it is anticipated that the additional flows will have a negligible impact to the conveyance system.

HPU recognizes the small impact of the proposed development and accepts the allocation within the existing conveyance system.

CE202274 Date: 1/23/2023

PRELIMINARY ENGINEERING REPORT

Water and Sanitary Sewer Main Extensions City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

Name of Proposed Project:

Friendship Properties Partners

Owner's Information:

Rodriguez Pineda & Javier Rodolfo 3020A John Wayland Highway Dayton, VA 22821

Prepared by:

Deron Weaver <u>Date of Submittal</u>: 1/20/2023

Reviewed by:

Gil Colman, PE Revised:

Ž V V Engineering pic

Colman Engineering, PLC P.O. Box 1764 Harrisonburg, VA 22803 Phone: 540.246.3712

A. INTRODUCTION

The owner is planning to subdivide a property (creating Lot 4A), develop the residue (Lot 4) and prepare for development of an adjacent lot (Lot 5). Lot 4A is expected to be occupied by a trucking business operation, Lot 4 by rental buildings for a variety of light industrial uses, and Lot 5 by an event center. The properties are along the north side of Friendship Drive in Rockingham County just outside the Harrisonburg City limit. The project seeks to use City water and sewer services, which are already allocated for the properties but need to be redistributed.

For planning purposes, the existing allocations and proposed developments are as follows:

Lot	Use	Size	People	Existing Allocation (gpd)
LOT 4A	Truck Parking & Shop	12,000 sf	20	2400
LOT 4	Various Light Industrial Uses	(3) 12,000 sf buildings; (5) 2,400 sf units ea	75 (15 units, 5/unit)	3190
LOT 5	OT 5 Event Center 10,800 sf		400 guests + 10 employees	3368
			TOTAL:	6558

See a conceptual layout in Appendix A, sheet 1. The event center building will most likely be sprinkled. The nearest fire hydrants, located in and on the edge of the parking lot of the nearby Friendship Industries facility at 801 Friendship Drive are 57E and 57F. No hydrant flow tests were performed for this report because discussion with Public Utilities indicates that the line serving these hydrants/Friendship Industries would not have adequate supply. The purpose of this report is to show what water and sewer modifications would be required to supply the projected demand based on discussion with Public Utilities indicating what connection locations would be suitable.

Water and sewer main extensions are proposed. An 8" water line with 3 hydrants would be installed on the north side of Friendship Drive, fronting the proposed developments. There are two options for supplying adequate pressure and flow to this line. Water line option A (see Appendix A, sheet 2) would bypass an existing pressure reducing vault to supply the existing water main nearest to the proposed development (that also serves nearby Friendship Industries) with higher pressure and flow while preserving the ability to isolate and control pressure in other existing mains downstream of the vault. This is contingent on Friendship Industries accepting the change in their water supply pressure and flow. Water line option B (see Appendix A, sheet 2) would install a new water main to the proposed property developments from a connection point upstream of the aforementioned pressure reducing vault. A proposed sewer main extension will run along the north side of Friendship Drive to connect to the existing City of Harrisonburg manhole that receives the lateral from the Friendship Industries facility. These improvements are mostly in existing right-of-way or easements but may also

require additional easements or mofifications. The proposed buildings will remain outside the proposed utility easements. Sewer cleanouts and water services will be installed per DCSM standards for the proposed developments.

See Section H Conclusion for additional discussion regarding the adequacy of proposed and existing utilities.

B. Average Daily Water and Sewer Demand (Table 4-1)

The table below shows the water demand generated by the proposed development, based on Table 4-1 in the DCSM, and the proposed supply reallocation. The proposed development will generate an average daily demand of 6475 gpd, and 6558 gpd are already allocated for these properties (plat by Bobby Owens, 12-7-1998). Note that the demand estimates are based on rates provided in the Harrisonburg DCSM that most closely approximate the actual intended use.

Lot	Use	Demand by Use	Quantity	Average Daily Demand (gpd)	Existing Allocation (gpd)	Proposed Allocation & Design Average Daily Demand (gpd (gpm))
LOT 4A	Truck Parking & Shop	25 gpd/ factory employee/ 8-hr shift	20 employees	500		558 (0.39)
LOT 4	Various Light Industria I Uses	25 gpd/ factory employee/ 8-hr shift	75 employees (15 units, 5/unit)	1875	3190	1900 (1.32)
LOT 5	Event Center	Elementary Schools, without showers	400 guests + 10 employees	4100	3368	4100 (2.85)
			TOTAL:	6475	6558	6558 (4.56)

C. Water Design Demand

1. Needed Fire Flow

The water demand design will be affected most significantly by the NFF. The highest Needed Fire Flow for each property (based on the building with the highest flow) is shown below. See full calculations in Appendix B.

Lot	Building	Construction Type	Occupancy	Building Size (sf)	NFF (gpm)
LOT 4A	Truck Repair	Class 3	C-2 (Limited	12,000 (6,000	1250
LOT 4A	Shop	(Noncombustible)	Combustible)	largest fire area)	1230
LOT 4	Building nearest	Class 3	C-3	12,000 (2,400	750
LOT 4	to Lot 4A	(Noncombustible)	(Combustible)	largest fire area)	750
LOT 5	Main Event	Class 3	C-2 (Limited	10,800	750
LOTS	Center	(Noncombustible)	Combustible)	(sprinklered)	750

2. Maximum Daily Demand

The maximum daily demand is 2.5 times the average daily demand (DSCM 4.3.4.1).

Maximum Daily Demand = Average Daily Demand * 2.5

Lot	Average Daily Demand (gpm)	Maximum Daily Demand (gpm)
LOT 4A	0.39	0.98
LOT 4	1.32	3.30
LOT 5	2.85	7.13
TOTAL	4.56	11.41

3. Peak Hourly Demand

The peak hourly domestic demand is calculated per DSCM 4.3.4.1:

Q = A.D.D.*P.F.

A.D.D = Average Daily Demand, gpm

P.F. = Peaking Factor = $(18+p^{0.5})/(4+p^{0.5})$

p = Population in thousands or Population equivalent in thousands (100 gpd = 1 person)

Lot	Population equivalent, thousands	Average Daily	Peaking Factor	Peak Hourly Demand (gpm)
-----	----------------------------------	------------------	-------------------	-----------------------------

		Demand (gpm)		
LOT 4A	.0056	0.39	4.44	1.73
LOT 4	.019	1.32	4.38	5.78
LOT 5	.041	2.85	4.33	12.34
			TOTAL	19.85

D. Sewer Design Demand

The average daily sewer demand generated by the proposed developments will be approximately 4.56 gpm (see Section B for calculation). Per DCSM Section 4.3.4.2, the minimum peak design capacity for "submain" sewers serving one or two branches is 400% of the average design flow.

Peak Design Capacity = 400% (4.56 gpm) = 18.24 gpm

E. Evaluation of Water System Capacity

Per DCSM 4.3.5.2.1, the water main must be sized to:

A. To convey the combined peak hourly domestic, industrial and other normal demands at velocities of less than 4 feet per second. May be waived if Peak Hourly Demand ≤ 625 GPM.

The Peak Hourly Demand is ≤ 625.

AND

B. To convey the larger of the peak hourly demand OR maximum daily demand plus needed fire flow (NFF) at greater than or equal to 20 psi.

Either option A or B of the proposed water line improvements whould be able to achieve this requirement.

AND

C. To convey the design flow rate at or below the velocities specified in the "Pipe Size Table" (DCSM 4.3.5.2.1.C)

For the proposed 8" pipe: 1,500 gpm max. flow and 9.6 fps max. velocity.

Discussion with Public Utilities indicates that either option A of B for the proposed water main would be capable of conveying the peak hourly flow of 19.9 gpm OR the NFF of 1250 gpm plus the maximum daily demand of 11.4 gpm (1261.4 gpm total) at 20 psi or more and within the flow rate and velocity parameters for 8" pipe.

F. Evaluation of Sewer System Capacity

The sewer main extension is 8" and the existing receiving line is 8". The receiving line is expected to have adequate capacity for the proposed development.

Capacity of 8" pipe @ 1% slope, flowing at 0.94 depth of flow, n = 0.014: 1.22 cfs = 548 gpm capacity > 18.24 gpm (combined sewer design demand for all properties; receiving line has steeper slope, per construction plans)

G. Maps and Preliminary Design Drawings

See Appendix A.

H. Conclusion

Based on discussion with Public Utilities, the available water supply is adequate to provide peak hourly or the NFF plus the maximum daily demand within the required velocity, flow, and pressure parameters. Either construction option A or B could provide the proposed development with connection to this water supply. The existing sewer infrastructure is estimated to be adequate for the proposed development.

The proposed sewer improvements include the construction of 4 sanitary sewer manholes and an 8" sewer line extending from an existing manhole north of Friendship Industries to the northwest corner of lot 5. This line may require an exclusive 20' wide public utility easement in the portion outside the Friendship Drive right of way (or wider depending on installed line depth). The proposed water line improvements include an 8" main extension along Friendship Drive and 3 hydrants (one in front of each property to be developed). This line would connect either to an existing 12" line north of Friendship Drive (that would be supplied with higher pressure by bypassing an upstream pressure reducing vault) or a new 8" main extension that would extend to a point upstream of the pressure reducing vault. Valves will be installed as required by Public Utilities. A 20' wide exclusive easement may be required for proposed water lines outside of the public right of way, or existing easements may be expanded to provide the required easement area.

APPENDIX A Conceptual Site & Utility Layout

APPENDIX A Needed Fire Flow Calculations

ISO Fire Flow Calculation For: Truck Shop - Lot 4A						
TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION:	Class 3 (noncombustible constru CONSTRUCTION COEFFICIENT =>	ction) F =	0.8			
BUILDING SIZE :	LARGEST ZONE = 2 nd LARGEST ZONE = EFFECTIVE AREA =>	6000 SF	9000 SF			
CONSTRUCTION FACTOR:	$C = (18)(F)(A)^{0.5}$ (ROUNDED TO NEAREST 250 gpm)	C =	1250 gpm			
TYPE OF OCCUPANCY:	C-2 (Limited-Combustible) OCCUPANCY FACTOR =>	O =	0.85			
EXPOSURE (X) & COMMUN	IICATION (P):					
	$X_1 + P_1 = 0.0896$ $X_4 + P_4 =$	0				
	$X_2 + P_2 = 0$ $X_5 + P_5 =$	-				
	$X_3 + P_3 = 0$ $X_6 + P_6 = $	0 Max (X+P) =	0.09			
NEEDED FIRE FLOW:	NFF = $(C)(O)[1+(X+P)_i]$		1158 gpm			
SPRINKLER REDUCTION?	(<i>BEFORE</i> No	=>	OR REDUCTION) 0%			
NEEDED FIRE FLOW:	110	•	1158 gpm			
	(AFTER REDU	JCTION, BEF	FORE ROUNDING)			
	TOTAL FIRE FLOW	NEEDED =	1250 gpm			
(ROUNDED TO NEAREST 250 gpm, or 500 gpm if > or = 2500 gpm)						

TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION: Class 3 (noncombustible construction) CONSTRUCTION COEFFICIENT =>	F = 0.8					
CONSTRUCTION COEFFICIENT =>	. 0.0					
	SE					
BUILDING SIZE: LARGEST ZONE = 2400 2nd LARGEST ZONE = 2400	SF					
EFFECTIVE AREA =>	A = 3600 SF					
CONSTRUCTION FACTOR: $C = (18)(F)(A)^{0.5}$	C = 750 gpm					
(ROUNDED TO NEAREST 250 gpm)	51					
TYPE OF OCCUPANCY: C-3 (Combustible) OCCUPANCY FACTOR =>	O = 1.00					
OCCUPANCY FACTOR =>	O = 1.00					
EXPOSURE (X) & COMMUNICATION (P):						
$X_1 + P_1 = 0$ $X_4 + P_4 = 0$						
$X_2 + P_2 = 0$ $X_5 + P_5 = 0$						
$X_3 + P_3 = 0$ $X_6 + P_6 = 0$						
Max (X+F	P) = 0.00					
NEEDED FIRE FLOW: NFF = $(C)(O)[1+(X+P)_i]$	750 apm					
(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(750 gpm DING OR REDUCTION)					
SPRINKLER REDUCTION? No =>	0%					
NEEDED FIRE FLOW:	750 gpm					
	(AFTER REDUCTION, BEFORE ROUNDING)					
TOTAL FIRE FLOW NEEDED = 750 gpm						
(ROUNDED TO NEAREST 250 gpm, or 50						

ISO Fire I	low Calculatio	n Fo	r: Event Cer	nter - Lot 5	
TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION:	,		oustible constru	ıction)	
	CONSTRUCTION	A COE	FFICIENT =>	F =	8.0
BUILDING SIZE :		LARG	EST ZONE = EST ZONE = IVE AREA =>	0 SF	10800 SF
CONSTRUCTION FACTOR:	C = (18 (ROUNDED TO I		-	C =	1500 gpm
TYPE OF OCCUPANCY:	•	C-2 (Limited-Combustible) OCCUPANCY FACTOR =>			0.85
EXPOSURE (X) & COMMUNIC	CATION (P):				
		0	$X_4 + P_4 =$	0	
	$X_2 + P_2 =$	0	$X_5 + P_5 =$	0	
	$X_3 + P_3 =$	0	$X_6 + P_6 =$	0	
			M	Max (X+P) =	0.00
NEEDED FIRE FLOW:	NFF = (C)(O)[1+(, -	FROLINDING (1275 gpm OR REDUCTION)
SPRINKLER REDUCTION?			Yes	=>	50%
NEEDED FIRE FLOW:			100	-	638 gpm
			(AFTER REDU	JCTION, BEF	RE ROUNDING)
		TOTA	L FIRE FLOW	NEEDED =	750 gpm
	(ROUNDE	ED TO	NEAREST 250 g	ıpm, or 500 gpm	if > or = 2500 gpm)

